

NODC's Automated Archive and Access Strategy For GHRSST-PP Sea Surface Temperature Data at The GHRSST Long Term Stewardship and Reanalysis Facility

Kenneth S. Casey, Sheri A. Phillips, and John Relph September 13, 2006

Introduction

This document describes the approach that has been developed to manage data acquired by the NOAA National Oceanographic Data Center (NODC) on a daily basis as part of the Global Ocean Data Assimilation Experiment (GODAE) High Resolution Sea Surface Temperature Pilot Project (GHRSST-PP). These data will be automatically archived and made accessible at NODC through its GHRSST Long Term Stewardship and Reanalysis Facility (LTSRF). This automated procedure is made possible largely by the formalized procedures developed within the GHRSST-PP, especially those pertaining to data management, metadata, and file naming conventions. The basic strategy is to bring in data files and corresponding FGDC metadata in XML format on a daily basis, then use a combination of static information, information from the XML filenames, information from within the XML metadata records, and information generated by the NODC archive system to automatically create an Accession Tracking Data Base (ATDB) entry and accession for each logical grouping of data (there may be several each day) and then move the relevant data files (there may be several per accession) and FGDC record into the NODC archive file systems. On a routine basis, a user-friendly http/ftp/OPeNDAP hierarchy will then be constructed of symbolic links pointing to the data and metadata residing in the formal archive file system.

The GHRSST-PP data streams consist of several types of data and metadata. Two of them will be handled by the procedures outlined here. Two other types, High Resolution Diagnostic Data Sets (HR-DDS) and Matchup Database (MDB) records, are expected to be handled similarly and will be addressed in an update to this document later in FY06. The two types of data managed using the procedures documented here make up the core of the GHRSST-PP system. These data types, in netCDF format, are:

- 1. Level 2 Preprocessed (L2P): Individual satellite sensor observations processed into geophysical units (SST in degrees C) and formatted according to the GHRSST-PP Data Processing Specifications (GDS v1.5, GHRSST/17).
- 2. Level 4 Analyzed (L4): These are uniformly gridded and gap-free products created by optimally merging multiple L2P inputs.

Both L2P and L4 data are stored in netCDF format following the procedures detailed in the GDS.

Overview of Relevant GHRSST-PP Data Management Structure

The details of the overall GHRSST-PP data management structure are discussed in other GRHSST-PP documentation and will not be addressed here. However, it is important to note a few key elements of the GHRSST-PP system:





- 1. Data processing is managed by a distributed system with international partners at Regional Data Assembly Centers (RDACs) around the world.
- 2. The RDACs generate data and GCMD-style Document Interchange Format (DIF) metadata for L2P data streams as well as L4 products, along with MDB and HR-DDS information.
- 3. All RDAC data streams are sent first to the Global Data Assembly Center (GDAC) at the NASA JPL/Caltech Physical Oceanography Distributed Active Archive Center (PO.DAAC). The PO.DAAC, in addition to numerous critical data management functions, provides user access to these real-time data, holds them in a 30 day rolling store, and constructs an XML-formatted FGDC-compliant metadata record for each logical grouping of those data (an NODC "Accession") based on the GCMD-DIF style metadata mandated as part of the GRHSST-PP system.
- 4. The PO.DAAC GDAC system makes these data available to the GHRSST LTSRF at NODC 30 days after receipt at the GDAC.

Overview of NODC Data Management Steps

At this point the GHRSST-PP data and associated metadata are ready for acquisition by NODC. An overview of the automated procedures is provided here, followed by a detailed step-by-step procedure and relevant information tables.

- 1. The PO.DAAC makes available at ftp://melia.jpl.nasa.gov (username: ghrsst-nodc) an index file called "index.txt" which lists the files over 30 days past date of observation along with their MD5 checksums.
- 2. NODC access this file once per day and uses it determine which files are to be acquired by an FTP-pull. Those files are transferred and checksums generated to verify the transmissions. File transferred include the individual netCDF data files, corresponding GCMD-style DIF formatted XML metadata File Records (FRs) mandated by the GHRSST system, and a single baseline FGDC record for each accession created by the GDAC.
- 3. Based on the filenames of the XML-formatted FGDC records, information contained within the FGDC and FR records, some static parameters, and information determined by the NODC archive system, an ATDB entry is created along with an accession number and directory in the archive file system. Additionally, the baseline FGDC record provided by the GDAC is augmented and all changes noted in the "journal.txt" file. The FGDC record and associated data files are moved into the accession directory tree within the archive files system. The individual FRs are also placed into the accession directory under a subdirectory called "FR". If the NODC system determines that any of these files are part of an existing accession, then they are moved into that existing directory structure as a new version. This step is detailed in the following section, "Automated ATDB Entry and Accession Assignment".
- 4. On a daily basis, the NODC will run through the NODC GHRSST Accessions and build a user-friendly directory structure for http/ftp/OPeNDAP data access, based on symbolic links that point into the archive directory structures.
- 5. Throughout this process, automated checks are performed and failures reported via email messages to Kenneth.Casey@noaa.gov, Sheri.Phillips@noaa.gov, and John.Relph@noaa.gov. These automated tests are listed in the "Automated Tests and Alerts" section.

Automated ATDB Entry and Accession Assignment





The algorithm for automatically creating an ATDB entry and Accession Number based on a given FGDC metadata record is documented in this section. The pieces of information needed to to fill out the optional and required ATDB elements come from four sources: information in the FGDC XML record filename, information within the FGDC XML record and FRs, static information, and information provided by the NODC archive system. The logical grouping of metadata and data files into a single NODC Accession is based on specific GHRSST-PP datasets, which are defined by Processing Level (L2P or L4), Instrument/Platform, and RDAC. For example, European RDAC (EUR) L2P AVHRR-LAC data from NOAA-17 would be placed in a different accession than either BlueLink L2P AVHRR-LAC data from NOAA-17 or EUR L2P AATSR on ENVISAT. Each accession represents one day of data from one particular type of GHRSST-PP dataset.

Filename convention for XML-Formatted FGDC-compliant GHRSST-PP Metadata:

FGDC-<Date Valid>-<Processing_Centre_Code>-<<L0_ID>|<product type>-<area>>-< L2P|L4>-</processing Model ID>.xml

An example for an L4 metadata record would be:

FGDC-20030621-EUR-UHfnd-MED-L4-v01.xml

And, an example for the FGDC metadata record describing L2P files:

FGDC-20030621-EUR-AVHRR16 L-L2P-v01.xml

Codes for the GHRSST-PP defined <Procesing_Centre_Code> and their translations into NODC ATDB Institution codes are provided below in *Table 1: GHRSST-NODC Institution Conversions*. Codes for converting between the GHRSST-PP defined <L0_ID> and NODC ATDB Instrument codes and Platform codes are provided below in *Table 2: GHRSST-NODC Platform and Instrument Conversions*.

Detailed Algorithm for Automated ATDB Entry and Accession Assignment

- 1. Set ATDB elements using FGDC record filename:
 - a. Use <Date Valid> to create ATDB "start date" and "end date". Since each NODC GHRSST-PP accession is based on data from a single day, these two elements should be equal.
 - b. Take <Processing_Centre_Code> and convert it using *Table 1: GHRSST-NODC Institution Conversions* to create ATDB "Collecting Institution"
 - c. Next, use the processing level:
 - i. If L4, set ATDB "Instrument" to "Satellite sensor General [36]" and ATDB "Platform" to "Satellite [3811]" [note: eventually it may be possible to retrieve specific platforms and sensors used by extracting from L4 metadata]
 - ii. Else if L2P, use <L0_ID> and convert it using *Table 2: GHRSST-NODC*Platform and Instrument Conversions to create ATDB "Platform" and ATDB

 "Instrument"
- 2. Set ATDB elements using FGDC XML or FR XML tags:





- a. Search through all the FR XML bounding coordinate tags, finding the maxima and minima, to create ATDB bounding coordinates. These also replace the baseline FGDC bounding coordinates, which are based on general ranges and not the specific set of files in the accession.
- b. Use FGDC XML title tag to create ATDB "Title". Be sure to append the NODC accession number to this title as well as the date as established under NODC procedures.
- c. Use FGDC XML Supplemental Info tag to create ATDB "Supplemental Info"
- 3. Set Static ATDB elements:
 - a. ATDB "Submitted By" = "Edward Armstrong [2255]"
 - b. ATDB "Contains Data Types" = "Sea Surface Temperature [319]"
 - c. ATDB "Contains Observation Types" = "Satellite Data [20]"
 - d. ATDB "Includes Sea Areas" = "World-Wide Distribution [179]"
 - e. ATDB "Submitting Institution" = "JPL PODAAC [1222]"
 - f. ATDB "Availability Date" = Leave this field blank
 - g. ATDB "Number of Observations" = "Unknown" this is the only ATDB element that is not defined
 - h. ATDB "NODC Contact" = "Dr. Kenneth Casey [2224]"
 - i. ATDB "Contributing Projects" = "GHRSST-PP [385]"
 - j. ATDB "Requested Action" = "close"
 - k. ATDB "Disposition" = "online"
- 4. Set NODC system-determined ATDB and corresponding FGDC elements:
 - a. ATDB "Size in Mbytes" and FGDC "Transfer Size" [The volume element is left blank now since this element is supposed to be removed from the ATDB list.]1259
 - b. ATDB "Incoming Directory and File"
 - c. ATDB "Date Received" and FGDC "Metadata Date"
- 5. The above steps should yield a complete ATDB entry and a more robust FGDC record. Compare this ATDB entry to previous ATDB entries. If this accession already exists, then move the data and metadata into it as a new version under *n*-version where *n* is one greater than the previous version available. If this is a new accession, create a new accession number, append it to the title in both the FGDC record and the ATDB entry, create the accession directory structure and move the data and associated metadata into it:
 - a. Determine which data files belong to the accession by pulling their file names out of the Entities and Attributes section of the FGDC record, where each data file is listed as a separate Entity.
 - b. Move those files into 01-version/data/0-data of the appropriate accession. Also, move to this location any browse images that accompany the data files
 - c. Move the FGDC XML-formatted record into the 01-version/data/0-data directory
 - d. Move the FR XML-formatted records into the 01-version/data/0-data/FR directory
 - e. Move any other information (logs, anomaly reports, etc.) into the appropriate 01-version/about directory

Automated Tests and Alerts

During the management of GHRSST-PP data, several automated procedures must be conducted. Upon failure of any of these, an email alert must be automatically sent out to <u>Kenneth.Casey@noaa.gov</u>, <u>Sheri.Phillips@noaa.gov</u>, and <u>John.Relph@noaa.gov</u>. While that alert is being addressed, the relevant





data and metadata must remain in the temporary holding area where the data are held after ftp from the PO.DAAC. These tests include:

- 1. Check FGDC-compliance of metadata records using *mp* software.
- 2. Check build of ATDB entries. If, for example, any of the conversions from GHRSST-PP <Processing_Centre_Code> to NODC Institution code fails due to no corresponding NODC Institution in the ATDB list, then a new list entry would be made manually as needed.
- 3. Others as needed.

Automated User-Friendly FTP/HTTP/OPeNDAP Directory Creation and Update

On a routine basis, a user-friendly ftp/http/OPeNDAP directory hierarchy must be created/updated to link to any new or updated accessions. Only the most recent version of any given accession should be included in this hierarchy, which will be created using symbolic links pointing to the archive file systems. The structure should follow this sequence, from top down:

Processing Level => Platform/Instrument => Processing_Centre_Code => Year (YYYY) => Day of Year (DDD)

For example, L2P/AMSRE/EUR/2005/107 would contain L2P AMSRE data produced by the European RDAC for day 107 of 2005.

Other Possible Steps

At this point, GHRSST-PP data should be flowing in to the NODC archives as formally accessioned data and available online through the NODC Ocean Archive System. It should also be available through more intuitive ftp/http/OPeNDAP directory paths. These steps will satisfy NODC's commitment to the international GHRSST-PP. However, other steps could be implemented in the future to more fully optimize the GHRSST-PP archive at NODC.

One step would be to develop consistent browse imagery for all incoming GHRSST-PP data. Some RDACs might be providing browse graphics, but they are not mandated to do so. Experience with AVHRR Pathfinder reveals that browse graphics are often the most downloaded parts of the archive by users.

Another step would be to implement a granule-level metadata database containing information about the actual SST values contained within the data files. Calculations like mean, minimum, maximum, number of observations, and standard deviations can be made on each incoming data file and stored as a searchable database capable of being graphically displayed. A test of this type of system has been implemented with Ted Haberman of NGDC and the AVHRR Pathfinder archive.





Table 1: GHRSST-NODC Institution Conversions								
GHRSST Processing Center Code	NODC ATDB Institu te ID	NODC ATDB Acronym	NODC ATDB Institution Name	GHRSST Data Centre Name (for the GDS)				
EUR	1238	MEDSPIRATION	Medspiration	European RDAC				
USGODAE	1236	NRL-MRY	US Navy; Naval Research Laboratory – Monterey, CA	US-GODAE				
REMSS	1226	REMSS	Remote Sensing Systems	Remote Sensing Systems, CA, USA				
RSMAS	717	RSMAS	University of Miami; Rosenstiel School of Marine and Atmospheric Science	University of Miami, RSMAS				
JPL	1222	JPL PODAAC	US National Aeronautic And Space Administration; Jet Propulsion Laboratory Physical Oceanography Distributed Active Archive Center	JPL Physical Oceanography DAAC				
OSISAF	1232	OSI-SAF	Ocean and Sea Ice Satellite Application Facility	EUMETSAT Ocean and Sea Ice Satellite Applications Facility				
ABOM	86	ABOM	Australian Bureau of Meteorology	Australian RDAC				
MEDS	953	MEDS	Marine Environmental Data Service	MEDS Data Centre, Ontario, Canada				
UKMO	1188	UKMO	British Meteorological Office	UK Meteorological Office				
NOCS	1170	NOCS	National Oceanography Centre, Southampton	National Oceanography Centre, Southampton				
MERSEA	1233	MERSEA	Marine Environment and Security for the European Area	Marine Environment and Security for the European Area				
NAVO	267	NAVOCEANO	US Navy; Naval Oceanographic Office	Naval Oceanographic Office				
NODC	295	NODC	US DOC; NOAA; NESDIS; National Oceanographic Data Center	NOAA National Oceanographic Data Center				
NCDC	1258	NODC	US DOC; NOAA; NESDIS; National Climatic Data Center	NOAA National Climatic Data Center				
OSDPD	1259	OSDPD	US DOC; NOAA; NESDIS; Office of Satellite Data Processing and Distribution	NOAA Office of Satellite Data Processing and Distribution				
GOS	1266	GOS	Gruppo Di Oceanografia Da Satellite; Istituto Di Scienze Dell Atmosfera E Del Clima - Rome [Satellite Oceanography Group; Institute Of Atmospheric And Climate Sciences]	Gruppo di Oceanografia da Satellite				
NCOF	1235	NCOF	National Centre for Ocean Forecasting	Added for possible future use, but use UKMO now				
IFREMER	806	IFREMER	Institut Français de Recherche pour L'exploitation de la Mer	Here as parent institution only				
EUMETSAT	1231	EUMETSAT	European Organisation for the Exploitation of Meteorological Satellites	Here as parent institution only				
ESA	1237	ESA	European Space Agency	Here as parent institution only				
JAP			Add this institution in future updates	Japanese RDAC				
SEASNET			Add this institution in future updates	SEASnet Tropical coverage RDAC				





JAXA		Add this institution in future updates	National Space Development Agency (of Japan)
тоноки		Add this institution in future updates	University of Tohoku, Japan
NOAA	NOAA	Add this in update. Currently no NOAA (only, lots of NOAA offices) in ATDB	National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

Note: Items in grey are not currently expected to appear in GHRSST filenames as Processing Center Codes. Some of these were required additions to the NODC parameter tables since they serve as parent institutions and others may appear in the future.





Table 2: GHRSST-NODC Platform and Instrument Conversions							
GHRSST-PP <l0_id></l0_id>	NODC Platform Acronym	NODC Platform ATDB ID	NODC Instrument Acronym	NODC Instrument ATDB ID	NODC ATDB Description		
NAR18	NOAA18	10633	AVHRR-HRPT	126	Advanced Very High Resolution Radiometer High Resolution Picture Transmission		
NAR17	NOAA17	10614	AVHRR-HRPT	126	Advanced Very High Resolution Radiometer High Resolution Picture Transmission		
NAR16	NOAA16	10468	AVHRR-HRPT	126	Advanced Very High Resolution Radiometer High Resolution Picture Transmission		
ATS_NR2P ¹	Envisat	10630	AATSR-NR	129	Advanced Along Track Scanning Radiometer Near Real time		
ATS_MET_2P	Envisat	10630	AATSR-MET	130	Advanced Along Track Scanning Radiometer real time METeorological		
AVHRR16_G	NOAA16	10468	AVHRR-GAC	121	Advanced Very High Resolution Radiometer Global Area Coverage		
AVHRR16_L	NOAA16	10468	AVHRR-LAC	120	Advanced Very High Resolution Radiometer Local Area Coverage		
AVHRR17_G	NOAA17	10614	AVHRR-GAC	121	Advanced Very High Resolution Radiometer Global Area Coverage		
AVHRR17_L	NOAA17	10614	AVHRR-LAC	120	Advanced Very High Resolution Radiometer Local Area Coverage		
AVHRR18_G	NOAA18	10633	AVHRR-GAC	121	Advanced Very High Resolution Radiometer Global Area Coverage		
AVHRR18_L	NOAA18	10633	AVHRR-LAC	120	Advanced Very High Resolution Radiometer Local Area Coverage		
SEVIRI	MSG	10637	SEVIRI	98	Spinning Enhanced Visible and Infra-Red Imager		
GOES_12 ²	GOES-12	10616	GOES Imager	99	Geostationary Operational Environmental Satellite Imager		
GOES_10 ³	GOES-10	10615	GOES Imager	99	Geostationary Operational Environmental Satellite Imager		
GOES_9	GOES-9	10624	GOES Imager	99	Geostationary Operational Environmental Satellite Imager		
AMSRE	Aqua	10617	AMSR-E	100	Advanced Microwave Scanning Radiometer- EOS		
TMI	TRMM	10620	TMI	101	Tropical Rainfall Measuring Mission (TRMM) Microwave Imager		
TMI_VIRS	TRMM	10620	VIRS	102	Visible and Infrared Scanner		
MODIS_A	Aqua	10617	MODIS	103	Moderate Resolution Imaging Spectroradiometer		
MODIS_T	Terra	10622	MODIS	103	Moderate Resolution Imaging Spectroradiometer		
WindSAT	Coriolis	10623	WindSAT	104	Multi-frequency polarimetric microwave radiometer on Coriolis		
MTSAT_1R	MTSAT-1R	10626	MTSAT Imager	127	Multi-functional Transport Satellite Imager		
AIRS	Aqua	10617	AIRS	107	Atmospheric Infrared Sounder		

Note this GHRSST-PP acronym, ATSR_NR__2P contains TWO underscore characters between the NR and 2P, not just one.

Note that this L0_ID may include the additional characters "SAF". See GDS Table A3.2.1 for an explanation of the differences.

Note that this L0_ID may include the additional characters "NAV". See GDS Table A3.2.1 for an explanation of the differences.

